Conductometric hydrogen gas sensors based on templateless electrodeposited polypyrrole nanowires

<u>C. Debiemme-Chouvy</u><sup>1,2</sup>, L. Al-Mashat<sup>3</sup>, W. Wlodarski<sup>3</sup>

 <sup>1</sup> Laboratoire Interfaces et Systèmes Electrochimiques, UPR15 du CNRS, 4 place Jussieu, 75252 Paris Cedex, France.
<sup>2</sup> Universié P. et M. Curie, 4 place Jussieu, 75252 Paris Cedex 05, France
<sup>3</sup> Sensor Technology Laboratory, School of Electrical and Computer Engineering, RMIT University, Melbourne VIC 3001, Australia.

Nanostructured conducting polymers and their nanocomposites are considered attractive materials for gas sensing due to their high surface to volume ratios and room temperature operation [1,2]. Template-free controllable deposition of polypyrrole (PPy) nanowires can be achieved through electropolymerization [3]. In this work, PPy nanowires were electrodeposited on conductometric interdigitated transducers and characterized with scanning electron microscopy (SEM) as shown in Fig. 1. The electropolymerization of pyrrole monomer was conducted in a three-electrode electrochemical cell. The conductimetric transducer was used as the working electrode. The counter electrode was a platinum wire. Saturated calomel electrode (SCE) was used for the reference electrode. The polymerization solution contained 0.15 M pyrrole, 0.2 M Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, and  $0.002\ M$  LiClO4. The anodic potential was fixed at 0.85V/SCE The sensors were tested towards different concentrations of  $H_2$  gas, at room temperature (Fig. 2) [4].

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Figure 1: SEM images of a sensor surface.



Figure 2: Sensitivities of various H<sub>2</sub> gas sensors. Anodic charge passes though the system during the PPy electrodeposition; 13, 55 and 90 mC.