Performance and Safety Evaluation of Li₂FeSiO₄/SiO Battery

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Introduction

It is expected that Li_2FeSiO_4 should be a safe and cheap cathode material made of abundant materials. There are few reports about full cells using Li_2FeSiO_4 cathode. We have reported a full cell of Li_2FeSiO_4/C .¹ In order to demonstrate the safety of Li_2FeSiO_4 cathode, we matched the cathode with an SiO anode, which we have developed with 1500mAhg⁻¹ capacity and excellent cyclability.² We made 1 Ah class coffee-bag type Li_2FeSiO_4/SiO battery and tested the battery for a nail penetration test and an over-charge test in order to evaluate the safety of the battery.

Experimental

Preparation of Li₂FeSiO₄³ and SiO anode² was previously reported. Cathode materials, Li₂FeSiO₄-carbon composite, acetylene black (AB), and PVdF were mixed in a ratio of 90:2:8 and coated on aluminum sheet. Anode materials, SiO, AB, and polyimide binder (PI) were mixed in a ratio of 80:2:18, coated on nickel plated steel sheet then dried in vacuum at 250 °C. The anode was contacting lithium foil in electrolyte liquid in order to be lithiated.² The electrodes were rolled with a separator sheet to a battery, which was packed into a aluminum laminate sheet with electrolyte liquid of 1M LiPF₆ / ethylene carbonate / diethylcarbonate + vinylene carbonate (1/1 v/v + 1wt%). A battery of 800 mAh capacity was made and charged/discharged in the voltage range of 1.2-4.2V at 30 °C.

A battery of 1 Ah capacity was charged and tested in a nail penetration test. The battery was penetrated by a nail of which temperature at nail head was measured using a thermocouple set inside the nail. Another battery of 1 Ah capacity was charged and examined in over-charge test. The battery was over-charged at 5A (5C) for 10 min then 10A (10C) until the charging voltage was reached to 32 V.

Result and Discussion

The Li₂FeSiO₄/SiO battery showed a capacity of 600 mAh at 0.2C (160mA) and 400 mAh at 1C (800mA), respectively. The charge and discharge curves of the Li₂FeSiO₄/SiO battery were shown in Fig. 1 at 1 C-rate from 2^{nd} to 1000^{th} cycles. The average voltage of the battery was 2.0 V. The curves after 100^{th} cycle showed little change with the one of 1000^{th} cycle. The capacity of the battery was 400 mAh at 1 C-rate and showed excellent capacity retention ratio ($1045^{th}/10^{th}$) 89.1% (Fig. 2).

The result of nail penetration test of charged 1 Ah Li_2FeSiO_4/SiO battery was shown in Fig. 3. After a nail penetration slight temperature increase and decrease of battery voltage with time was observed. At the time when the nail pulled-off, relatively large short-circuit occurred but there was no ignition or explosion.

The result of an over-charging test of charged 1 Ah Li_2FeSiO_4 /SiO battery was shown in Fig. 4. Although the battery showed no change during 5A (5 C-rate) overcharge for 10 minute, after a couple of minutes under 10 A charge, the voltage and the surface temperature of the battery abruptly increased and then blew smoke without frame. The temperature maximum was 290 °C and the charging voltage reached to 32 V, which was preset cut-

off voltage.

As shown above, the Li_2FeSiO_4/SiO battery demonstrated excellent durability of more than 1000 cycles and safety in nail-penetration and over-charged tests.

Reference

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Fig.1 Charge and discharge curves of Li_2FeSiO_4 /SiO battery with the 1 C-rate (800mA) in the voltage range of 1.2–4.1 V at 30 °C.



Fig. 2 Discharge capacity until 1045^{th} cycle of Li_2FeSiO_4 /SiO battery with the 1 C-rate (800mA) in the voltage range of 1.2–4.1 V at 30 °C.



Fig.3 The relationship between temperature, voltage of a full-charged 1 Ah Li_2FeSiO_4/SiO battery and elapsed time after a nail penetrated the battery.



Fig.4 The relationship between temperature, voltage of a full-charged 1 Ah Li_2FeSiO_4/SiO battery and charging time of 5A or 10A.